



SYLLABUS

1. Data about the program of study

Technical University of Cluj-Napoca
Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and information
Technology
Communications
Electronic Engineering, Telecommunications and Information
Technologies
Bachelor of Science
Telecommunications Technologies and Systems/ Engineer
Applied Electronics/Engineer
Full time
TST-E37.00/EA-E37.00

2. Data about the subject

2.1 Subject name		Micro	oro	cesso	ors Based Systems			
		Theore	etica	al are	ea			
2.2 Subject area		Metho	Methodological area					
		Analyt	Analytic area					
2.3 Course responsib	le		Professor Eugen LUPU, Ph.D eugen.lupu@com.utcluj.ro					
2.4 Teacher in charge	e with	n seminar /	/ Assoc. Prof. Anca APATEAN, Ph.D anca.apatean@com.utcluj.ro					
laboratory / project								
2.5 Year of study		2.6 Semeste	er	6	2.7 Assessment	Е	2.8 Subject category	DD/DI

3. Estimated total time

				2		2
3.1 Number of hours per week	4	of which:	3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar / laboratory	2
3.4 To Total hours in the curriculum	56	of which:	3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar / laboratory	28
Distribution of time						hours
Manual, lecture material and notes, bibliography						14
Supplementary study in the library, online specialized platforms and in the field					10	
Preparation for seminars / laboratories, homework, reports, portfolios and essays					14	
Tutoring					3	
Exams and tests					3	
Other activities:						
3.7 Total hours of individual study 44						

5.7 Total nours of mainlaudi study	
3.8 Total hours per semester	100
3.9 Number of credit points	4

4. Pre-requisites (where appropriate)

4 1 curriculum	Basics on computers and microprocessors, digital integrated circuits, Boolean algebra, digital integrated circuit design, synthesis of logic functions
4.2 competence	programming skills: x86 assembly language, C





5. Requirements (where appropriate)

5.1. for the course	Cluj-Napoca
5.2. for the seminars /	Cluj-Napoca
laboratories / projects	

6. Specific competences

Professional competences	 C3. Application of the basic knowledge, concepts and methods regarding the architecture of computer systems, microprocessors, microcontrollers, languages and programming techniques C4. Design, implementation and operation of data, voice, video and multimedia services. This is based on the understanding and the application of fundamental concepts in telecommunications and transmission of information C5. Selecting, installing, configuring and operating fixed or mobile telecommunications
Transversal competences	equipment. Equipping a site with usual telecommunications networks N/A

7. Discipline objectives (as results from the key competences gained)

7.1 General objective	Developing the competences regarding the use of microprocessors, microcontrollers and interfaces in microsystems and computers
7.2 Specific objectives	 Understanding of main architectures in data processing Understanding basic microprocessors concepts and programming using Intel x86 as reference Interfaces, buses and programmable devices study and use To assess the requirements of a microprocessor / microcontroller for a specific application To develop applications using PC resources and ESP8266 microcontrollers

8. Contents

8.1 Lecture (syllabus)	Teaching methods	Notes
Course description. Evaluation mode.		
1. Pentium Processors. Architecture. Registers. Pipeline. Cache	, é	
memory. Floating Point Unit. Branch prediction. New	ation, tation, rmativ	tor
generation of Pentium. Multicore architectures.	sation, ntation ormativ	projector,
2. PC memory. The memory map (main memory, video, UMA,	5 5 0	pro
HMA). Memory extended and expanded. Virtual memory.	convei prese tudy, f	
Connecting additional memory to the PC memory map.		atio
3. Memory Hierarchy in terms of technology. The cache role.	uristic (oblem case st luation	presentation, blackboard
The basic models of the cache. Cache Memory Architectures.	heuri prol se, ca se, ca	ese
The Pentium cache.	n, heu n, pr cise, eva	
4. The 80x86 programmable interfaces family. Presentation of	ation catio	pptx
the timer I8254. Architecture. Pins and signals. The timer	fica fica	•
programming. Employment of the timer in the PC. Examples of	Presentation emplificatio aching exer	of
use.	Presenta xemplific teaching e	Use
5. Classification of interrupts. PIC I8259A circuit architecture.PIC	te <	-
pins and signals. Programming of the PIC. Interrupts assignment		





in PC.		
6. Direct memory access basics. The DMA controller I8237A.The	1	
internal architecture. Pins and signals. 18237A programming.		
7. Serial Communications RS232. UART/USART. The I16550		
device architecture. Programming. Applications.		
8. Serial interfaces. I2C, SPI, I2S Use and applications.		
9. Buses in the PC (ISA, PCI, AGP). ISA bus signals. Development	-	
of the ISA bus compliant cards.		
10. PCI Bus overview. Architecture and signals. Transfer modes	1	
11. PCI express overview. PCI Express bus topology,	1	
architecture, layers, transactions.		
12. USB Bus overview. USB On the Go. USB 3.0.		
13. ESP8266 microcontroller. Architecture.	-	
14. Applications. Review-exam topics.	-	
References.		
1. E. Lupu, A. Mesaros, A.F. Suciu, MICROPROCESSORS Archited	ctures and Applications	S Ed RISOPRINT
Cluj-Napoca 2002, ISBN 973-656-392-8		
2. E. Lupu, Sisteme cu microprocesoare. Resurse hardware. Pre	zentare, programare si	i aplicatii. Ed. Albast
Cluj Napoca 2004, ISBN 973-650-109-4		
3. M. Tischer, B. Jenneric, "LA BIBLE PC" PROGRAMMATION S	SYSTEME. MICRO App	lication 2000
4. W. Buchanan, PC interfacing, Communications and Windows		
5. N. Mathivanan, Microprocessors, PC Hardware and Interfaci	ng PHI Learning Pvt. Lto	d., 2003
6. www.pcguide.com, www.intel.com ,		
[***]Microprocessors Reference Manual, Intel Corporation, 2	2004, <u>www.intel.com</u>	
8. Lecture Slides : <u>https://elupu.utcluj.ro/</u>		
8.2 Laboratory	Teaching methods	Notes
1. Introduction. Laboratory Objectives topic.	Didactic and	Use of
2. Identifying processors in PCs. Microprocessors resources	experimental	
determination employing CPUID instruction.		laboratory
	proof, didactic	laboratory instrumentation,
3. The Cache memory. Application using CPUID instruction.	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental
 The Cache memory. Application using CPUID instruction. The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals 	proof, didactic	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards,
4. The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation.	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. USB Bus. Design USB devices using USB-serial converters 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. USB Bus. Design USB devices using USB-serial converters 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. USB Bus. Design USB devices using USB-serial converters FT232. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. USB Bus. Design USB devices using USB-serial converters FT232. Basic applications on ESP8266 platform. Arduino IDE. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,
 The timer circuit 8254. Applications. Audio signals generation. Programmable Interrupt Controller -I8259A. Applications. 8237A DMA controller programming. DMA data transfer to PC in the video memory. The UART 16650 interface. Serial communication applications. LCD interfacing on SPP. USB Bus. Design USB devices using USB-serial converters FT232. Basic applications on ESP8266 platform. Arduino IDE. ADC applications on ESP8266 board. 	proof, didactic exercise, team	laboratory instrumentation, experimental boards, computers,





9. Bridging course contents with the expectations of the representatives of the community, professional associations and employers in the field

The discipline content and the acquired skills are in agreement with the expectations of the professional Competences acquired will be used in the following COR occupations (Electronics Engineer; Telecommunications Engineer; Electronics Design Engineer; System and Computer Design Engineer; Communications Design Engineer) or in the new occupations proposed to be included in COR (Sale Support Engineer; Multimedia Applications Developer; Network Engineer; Communications Systems Test Engineer; Project Manager; Traffic Engineer; Communications Systems Consultant).

10. Evaluation

Activity type	10.1 Assessment criteria	10.2 Assessment methods	10.3 Weight in the final grade
10.4 Course		Written exam (theory+ problems)	65%
10.5 Laboratory	The level of acquired knowledge and abilities	Laboratory tests (3-4)	35%

10.6 Minimum standard of performance

Qualitative level:

Minimal knowledges:

- ✓ Knowledge of Intel processors architecture
- ✓ Knowledge of main interfaces employed in PC.
- ✓ Knowledge of main buses in PC.

Minimal competences:

- ✓ To know the main architectural elements of Microprocessors
- \checkmark To be able to program the main interfaces employed in PC
- ✓ To know to use the Arduino IDE tool

Quantitative level:

- ✓ Perform all laboratory work
- ✓ The exam and laboratory notes must be at least 5.
- ✓ The mark for the subject is calculated with the relation: 0.65 * Exam score + 0.35 * Labs score

Data of filling in:	Responsible	Title First name SURNAME	Signature
20.06.2023	Course	Professor Eugen LUPU, Ph.D.	
	Applications	Assoc. Prof. Anca APATEAN, Ph.D.	

Date of approval in the Council of the Communications	Head of Communications Department
Department	Prof. Virgil DOBROTA, Ph.D.
11.07.2023	
Date of approval in the Council of the Faculty of Electronics,	Dean
Date of approval in the council of the Faculty of Electronics,	Deall
Telecommunications and Information Technology	Prof. Ovidiu POP, Ph.D.
12.07.2023	